



Alterity
THERAPEUTICS

Alterity Therapeutics

(NASDAQ:ATHE, ASX:ATH)


David Stamler, MD
CEO

May 2023



◆ Forward Looking Statements

This presentation may contain some statements that may be considered “Forward-Looking Statements”, within the meaning of the US Securities Laws. Thus, any forward-looking statement relating to financial projections or other statements relating to the Company’s plans, objectives, expectations or intentions involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties as they relate to us, please refer to our 2022 Form 20-F, filed with US Securities and Exchange Commission, in particular Item 3, Section D, titled “Risk Factors.”

 **Alterity** is dedicated to creating an alternate future for people living with neurodegenerative diseases.



Alterity means **the state of being different**



Our goal is to **modify the course of disease**



We're here to **disrupt the trajectory** of illness and improve quality of life

◆ Investment Highlights

- Developing disease modifying therapies
- ATH434: Novel drug candidate targeting proteins implicated in neurodegeneration of Parkinson's disease and related disorders
 - First indication: Multiple System Atrophy (MSA), a devastating disease with no approved treatment
 - Orphan Drug designation for MSA in the US and EU
 - Phase 2 clinical trial enrolling globally in three regions: U.S., Europe, Australia/NZ
- Strong patent portfolio
- Significant R&D experience including 3 neurology drug approvals by FDA

◆ Experienced Leadership Team with Multiple FDA Approvals in Neurology



David Stamler, M.D.
Chief Executive Officer

**Auspex/Teva | Abbott | Prestwick
Xenoport | Fujisawa**

- **3 FDA Approvals in Neurology**
- Former CMO, Auspex
- VP, Clinical Development & Therapeutic Head, Movement Disorders, Teva Pharmaceuticals
- Part of Teva's US\$3.5 billion acquisition of Auspex in 2015
- Led development of AUSTEDO® (deutetrabenazine) for treatment of Huntington disease and Tardive dyskinesia, both approved in 2017

Kathryn Andrews, CPA
Chief Financial Officer

**Antisense Therapeutics | Rio Tinto |
Consultant**

- Extensive experience advising private and public CFOs, mainly in the biotechnology sector
- Prior CFO and Company Secretary of Antisense Therapeutics Limited
- 15+ years in finance and accounting roles at Rio Tinto Limited and BP Australia Limited

Margaret Bradbury, Ph.D.
VP, Nonclinical Development

Auspex/Teva | Neurocrine | Merck

- Auspex - led strategic planning and program management in Huntington Disease chorea from IND through NDA filing
- Teva - led non-clinical development of several neuroscience programs

Cynthia Wong, M.P.H.
Senior Director, Clinical Operations

**Auspex/Teva | Nextwave | Astex |
Intermune | Impax Labs**

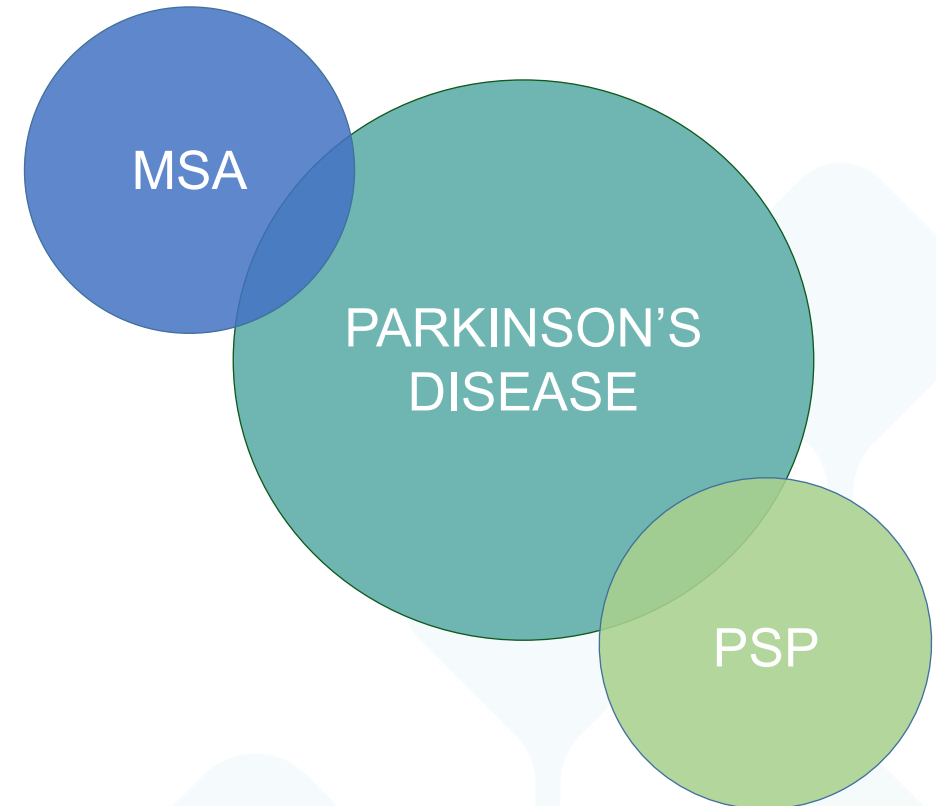
- Clinical Operations leadership at Auspex/Teva.
- Led clinical trial activities for the registration study of AUSTEDO® in Huntington Disease chorea.
- Prior, led Phase 1-3 studies, including registration studies for marketing approval for Quillichew ER, Esbriet and Infergen.

◆ Parkinsonian Disorders: A Significant Unmet Need

- Parkinsonism is a syndrome of motor symptoms that includes slowed movement, stiffness and tremor
 - Parkinson's disease most common cause
 - Major source of disability
- Parkinsonian disorders include Multiple system atrophy (MSA) and Progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP)
 - Prominent non-motor symptoms
 - Limited response to available treatments



Current therapies treat the symptoms and NOT the underlying pathology of disease

PARKINSONIAN DISORDERS



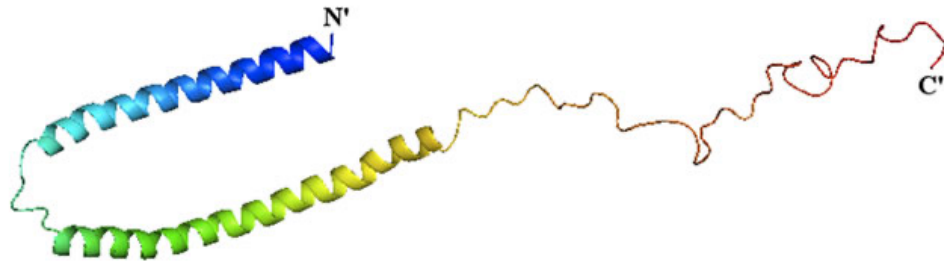
◆ Discovery and Development Portfolio in Neurodegenerative Diseases



Program	Indication	Current Status	Future Plans
ATH434	Multiple System Atrophy	Phase 2 Ongoing	Expand enrollment globally
Natural History Study "BioMUSE"	Multiple System Atrophy	Enrollment complete Partner:  VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER	Patient monitoring ongoing Presentations & publications
ATH434	Parkinson's Disease	Nonclinical studies to optimize dosing Partner:  THE MICHAEL J. FOX FOUNDATION FOR PARKINSON'S RESEARCH	Proof of concept study in Parkinson's disease
Drug Discovery	Neurodegenerative diseases	Discovery ongoing	Generate new IND candidates

The Role of Alpha-Synuclein and Iron in Parkinsonian Disorders

◆ Alpha-Synuclein: Critical for Normal Neuron Function



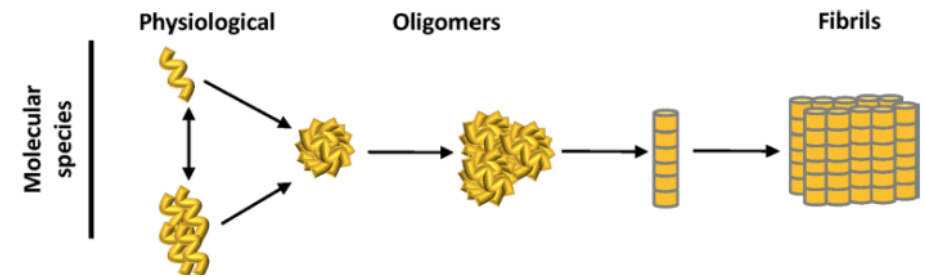
α-Synuclein

- An intracellular protein critical for normal function of neurons
- Native, unfolded protein enables neurotransmission
- α-synuclein *aggregates* in Parkinson's Disease and Multiple System Atrophy

Our Strategy

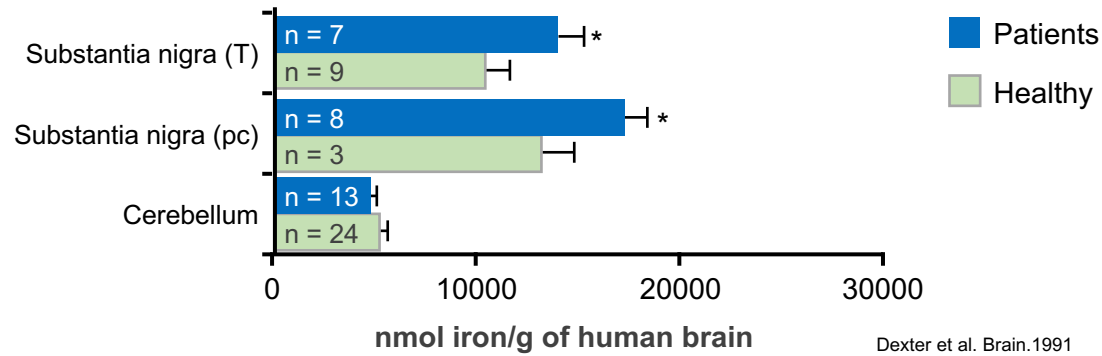
- Inhibit misfolding and aggregation of intracellular α-synuclein
- Target misfolding α-synuclein by redistributing loosely bound excess iron in areas of pathology
- Address underlying pathology of disease

Health

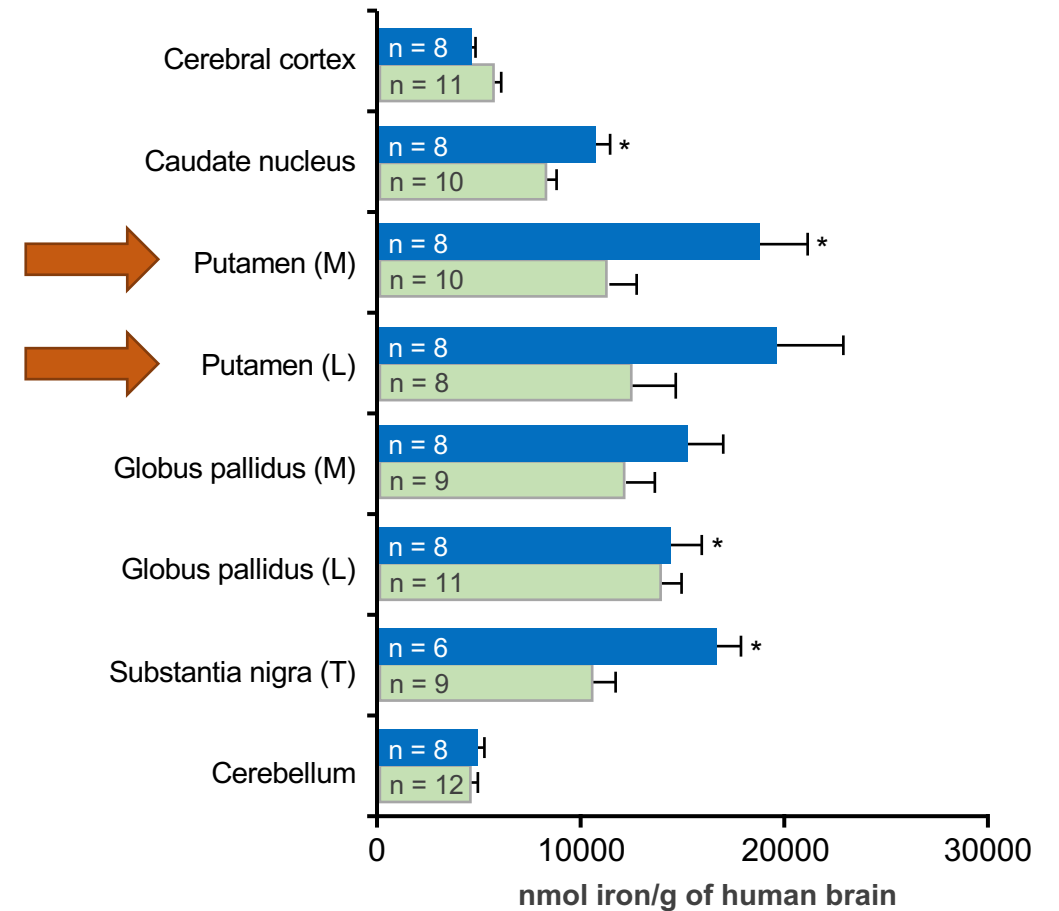


◆ Increased Brain Iron in Synuclein-related Diseases

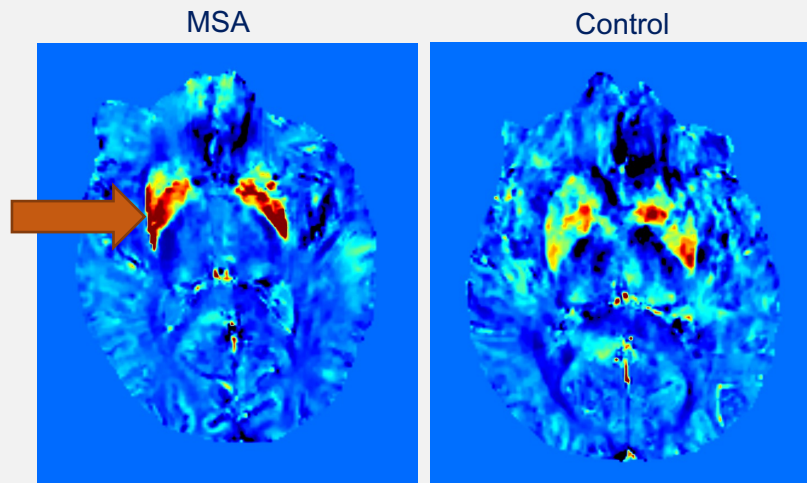
Parkinson's disease



Multiple System Atrophy



Advanced Quantitative MRI to measure brain iron

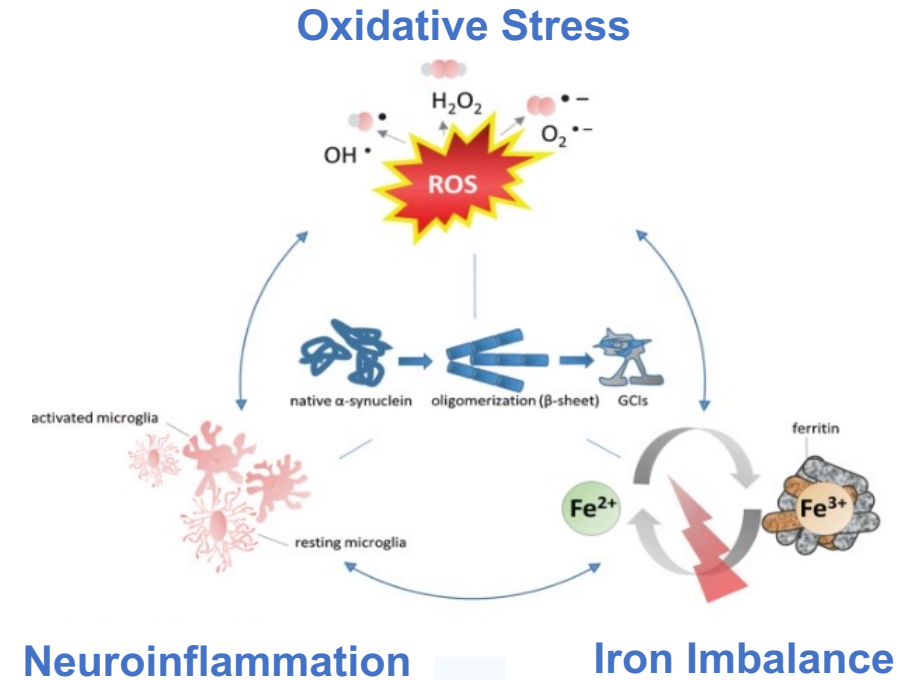


Courtesy of P. Trujillo, D. Claassen

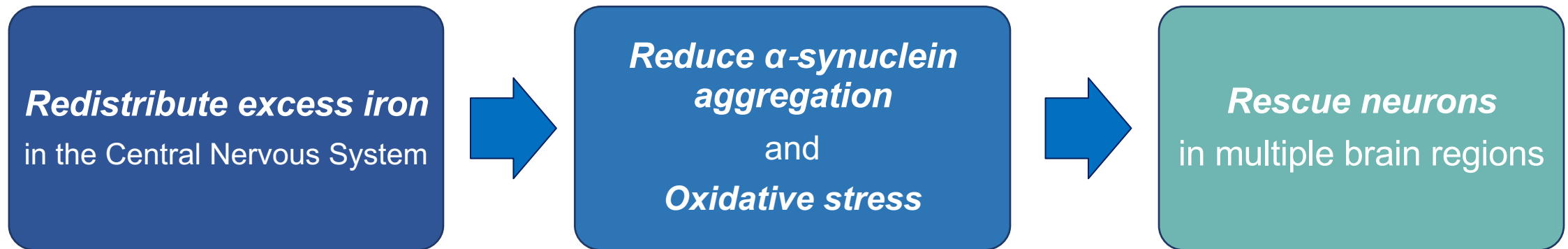
◆ Iron: Critical in Disease Pathogenesis

α -Synuclein and iron are strong contributors to MSA pathology

- Adverse impact of excess loosely bound iron
 - Promotes α -synuclein aggregation
 - Root cause of oxidative stress which damages intracellular structures and leads to neuroinflammation
- Hallmark of MSA pathology
 - Neuron loss in multiple brain regions
 - Glial cytoplasmic inclusions (GCI)



◆ **Approach: Address Underlying Pathology of Disease**

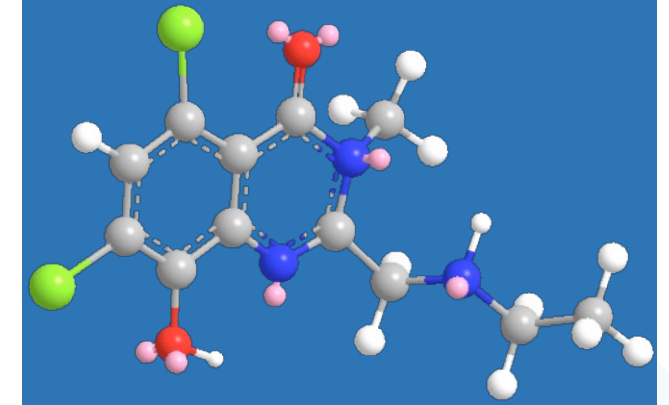


Potential Disease Modifying Therapy for MSA

ATH434: Disease Modifying Drug Candidate

◆ ATH434: Potential Use in Multiple Indications

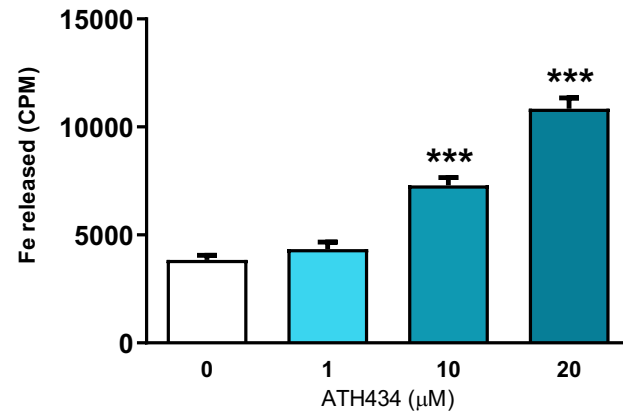
- Small molecule drug that reduces α -synuclein aggregation
 - Iron chaperone, redistributes loosely bound excess iron in brain
 - Oral agent (tablet) for ease of use
 - Readily absorbed, shown to reach site of action in man
- Potential to treat various Parkinsonian disorders
- Orphan Drug Designation in the US and EU for the treatment of MSA
- Development pathway endorsed by FDA and EMA



ATH434

◆ Pharmacologic Actions of ATH434

Redistributes loosely bound excess iron

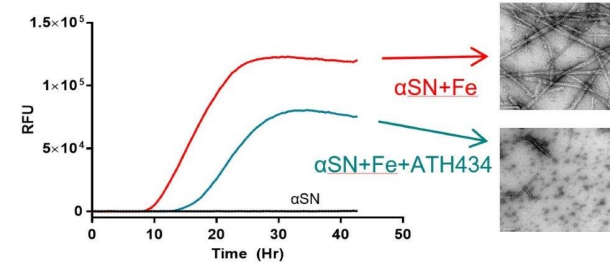


Ligand	Kd for Fe ³⁺
α-synuclein	10 ⁻⁵
ATH434	10⁻¹⁰
Transferrin	10 ⁻²³

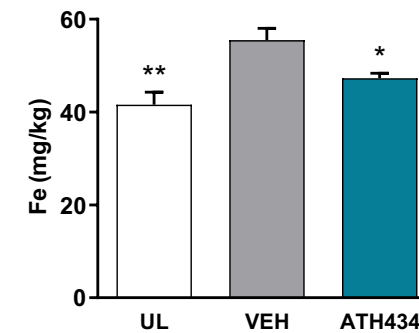
↓ Stronger binding

ATH434 does not interfere with normal iron trafficking proteins

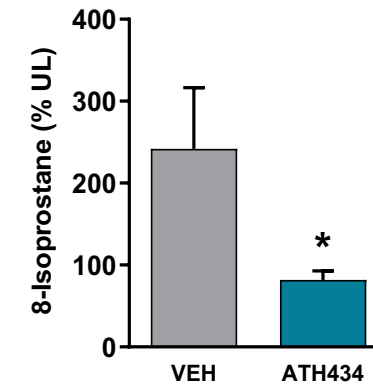
Reduces α-synuclein aggregation



Blocks increase in brain iron



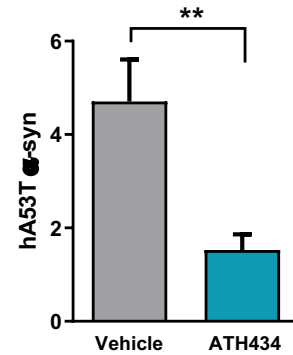
Inhibits oxidative stress in vivo



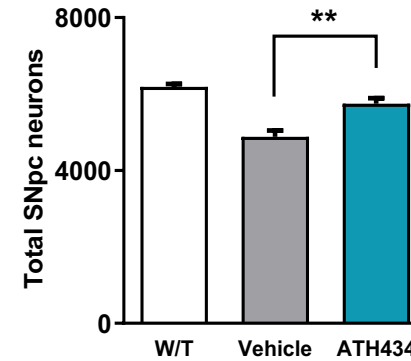
◆ ATH434 Reduces Alpha-Synuclein-related Neuropathology in Parkinson's Disease Animal Models

**hA53T
Mouse**

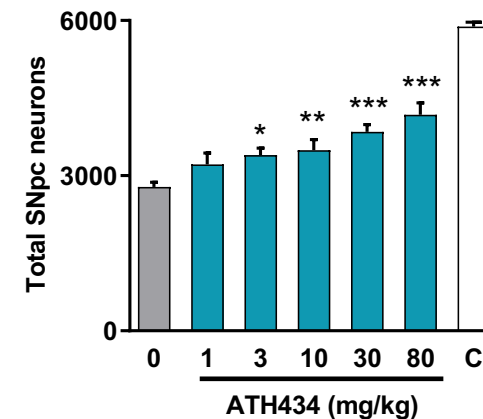
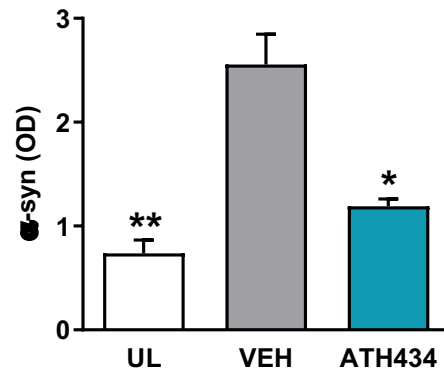
↓ α -Synuclein



Preserves Neurons

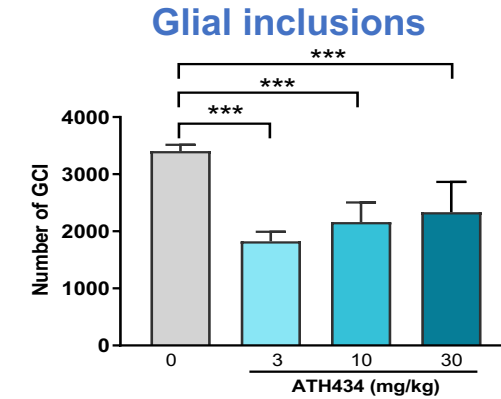
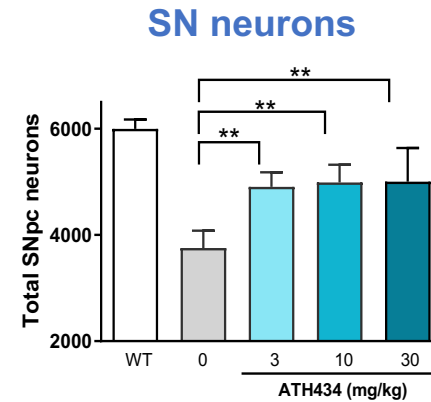
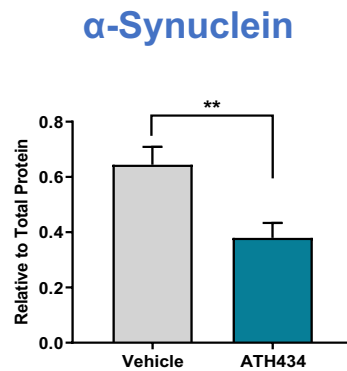


**MPTP
Mouse**

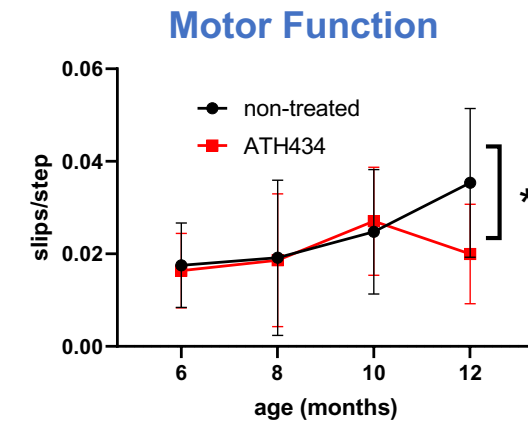
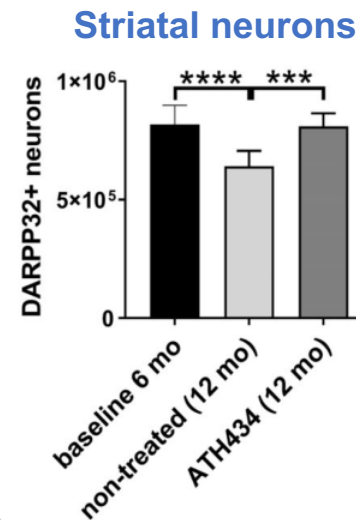
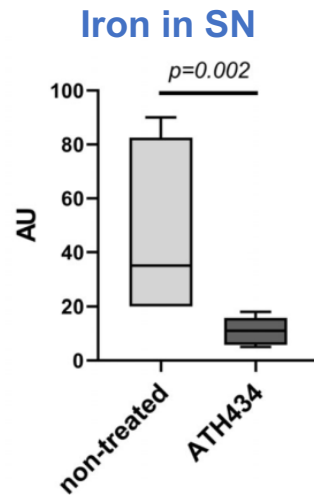


◆ ATH434 Reduces α -Synuclein-related Neuropathology and Improves Motor Function in MSA Animal Model

Exp. #1



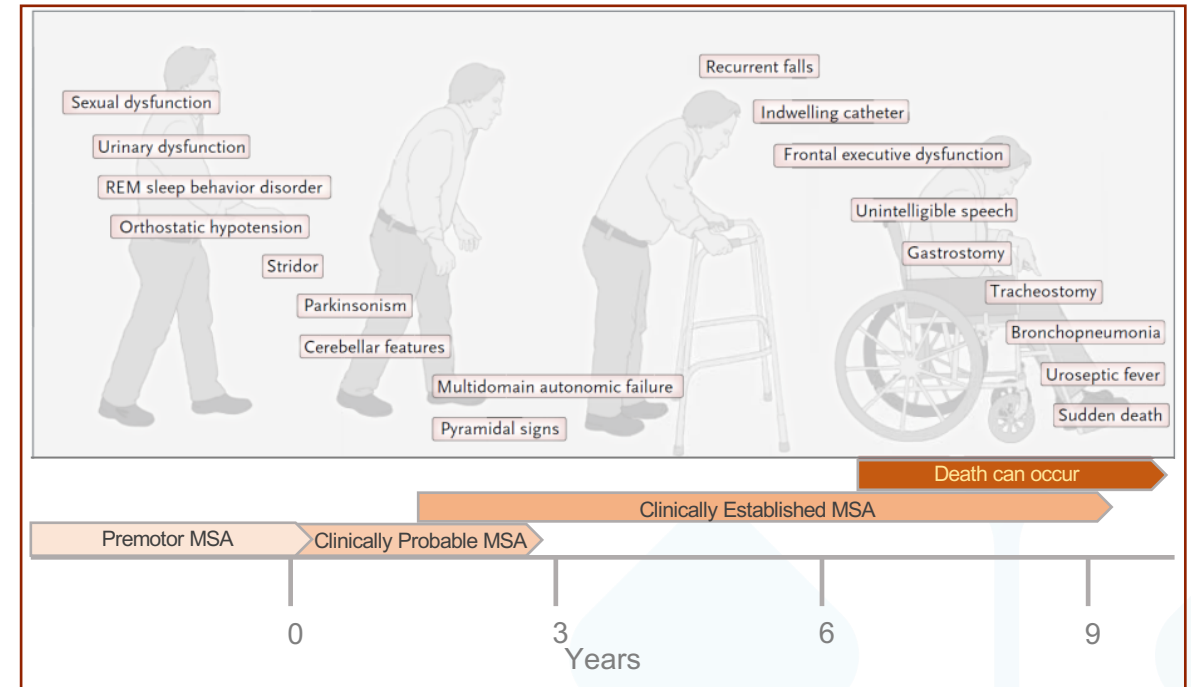
Exp. #2



Multiple System Atrophy Clinical Development Program

◆ Multiple System Atrophy (MSA) is a Rare, Highly Debilitating and Rapidly Progressive Neurodegenerative Disorder

- Clinical impairments include
 - Motor: Parkinsonism, uncoordinated movements, balance problems/falls
 - Autonomic dysfunction: Reduced ability to maintain blood pressure, control bladder and bowel function
- 60% require use of wheelchair within 5 years
- Median survival 7.5 years after symptom onset
- Excess brain iron correlates with disease severity

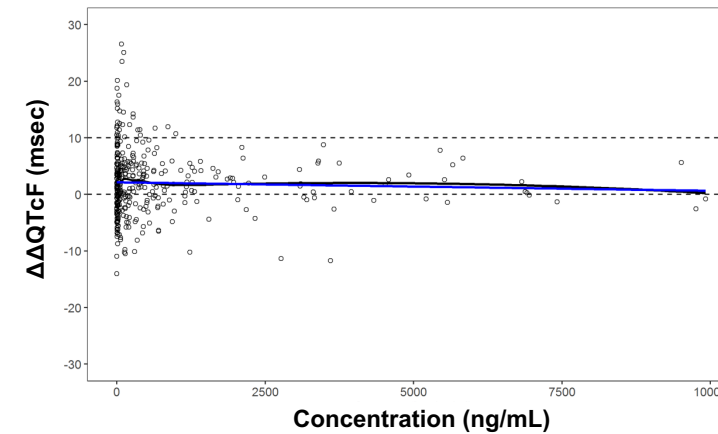


Phase 2: Targeting early-stage patients

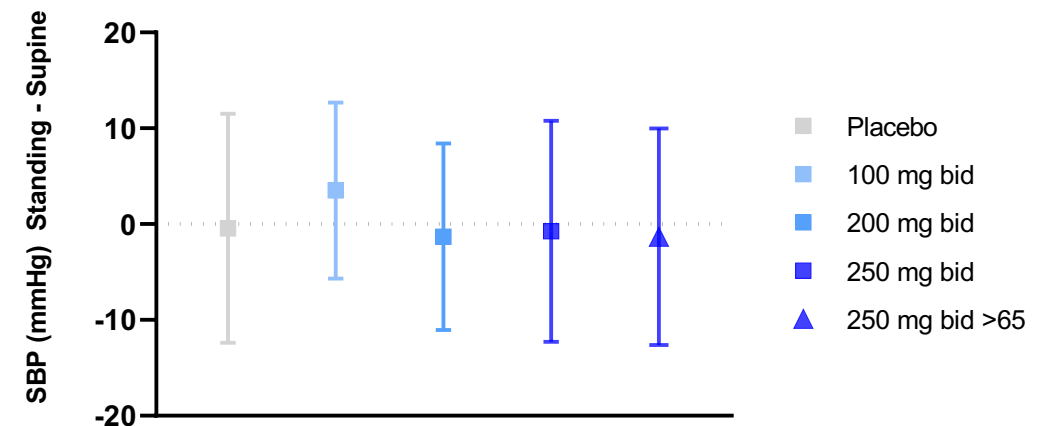
◆ Phase 1: ATH434 Well-Tolerated with No Serious Adverse Events

- No SAEs or AEs leading to withdrawal
 - All AEs were mild to moderate in severity
 - Most common AE reported was headache
 - Similar AE profile for adults and older adults
-
- No significant findings observed in vital signs, clinical labs or 12-lead ECGs
 - Favorable cardiovascular safety profile

No evidence of QT prolongation

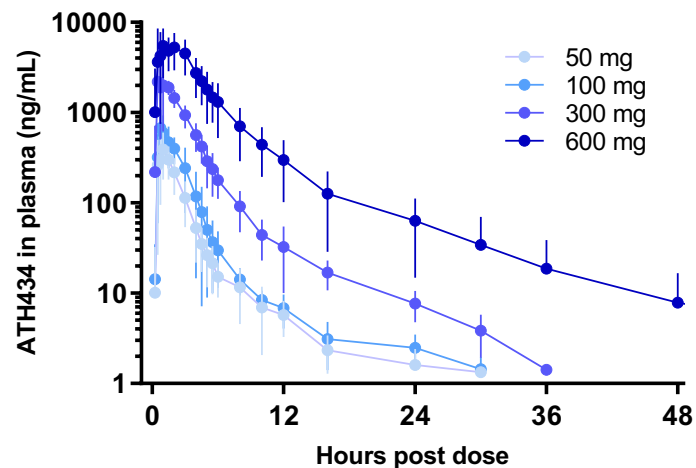


No effect on BP with Standing



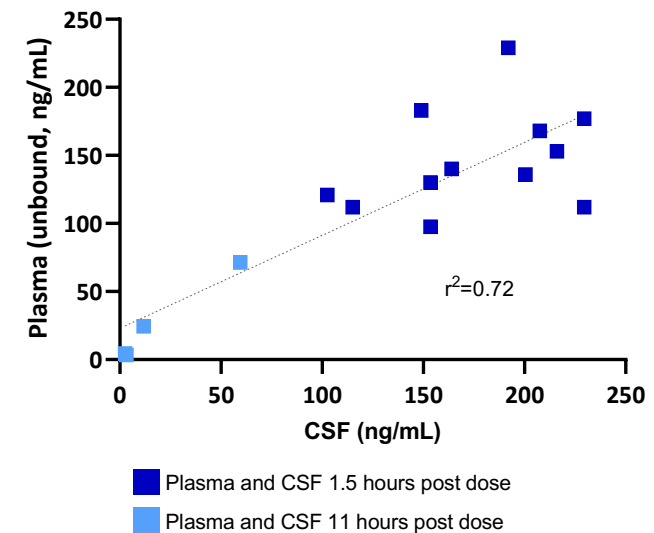
Phase 1: Achieved Drug Concentrations Associated with Efficacy in Animal Models

Plasma Profile after Single Dose Administration



- Rapid absorption after oral administration
- Dose dependent pharmacokinetics
 - Single doses up to 600 mg
 - Multiple doses up to 250 mg bid
- Mean elimination half-life up to 9.3 hrs

Plasma and CSF Levels at Steady-State



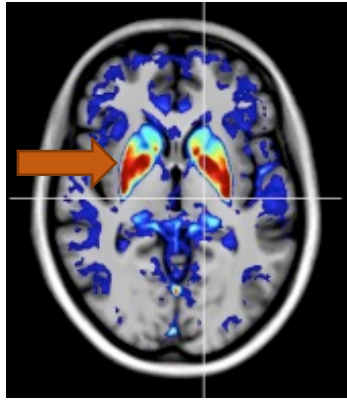
- CSF and free plasma levels strongly correlated and within 2-fold of each other
- CSF concentrations at steady state exceed those associated with efficacy in animal models of PD and MSA

◆ bioMUSE: Biomarkers of Progression in MSA Natural History Study

Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Observational
Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Design and de-risk Phase 2• Identify biomarker endpoints for treatment study
Population	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Early-stage MSA patients similar to Phase 2 population• ~20 participants
Observation Period	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 12 months
Biomarkers	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MRI: Iron (QSM/R2*), glial pathology (MRS), neuromelanin, regional blood flow• Fluid: NfL protein (CSF, plasma), Aggregating α-synuclein (CSF), phos-α-synuclein (skin)• Wearable movement sensors
Clinical Endpoints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clinical: Motor exam, autonomic function, activities of daily living, global measures of severity and change (clinician, patient)• Functional: Timed Up and Go, 2 min Walk Test

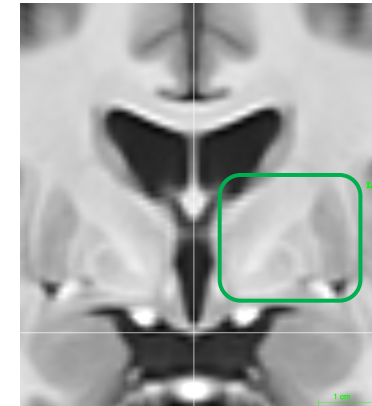
◆ bioMUSE Natural History Study Design and De-risk Phase 2

Advanced MRI methods

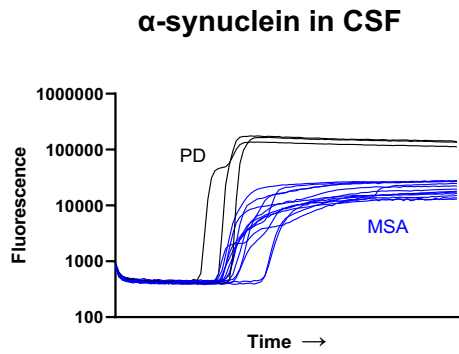
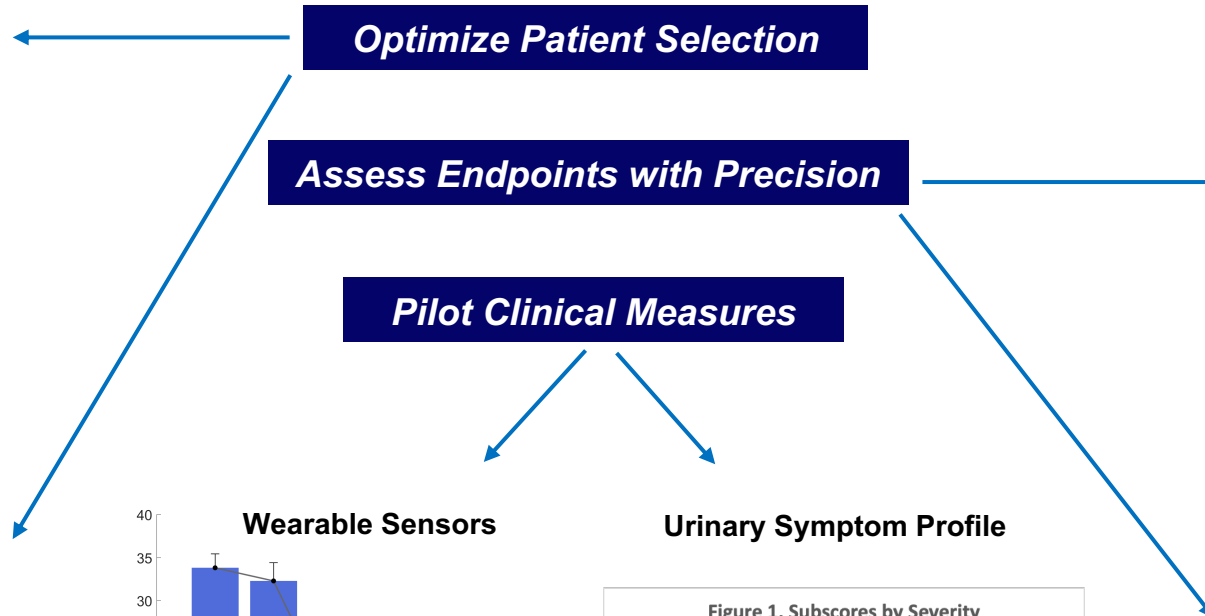


Identify "iron signature" in early MSA vs. PD

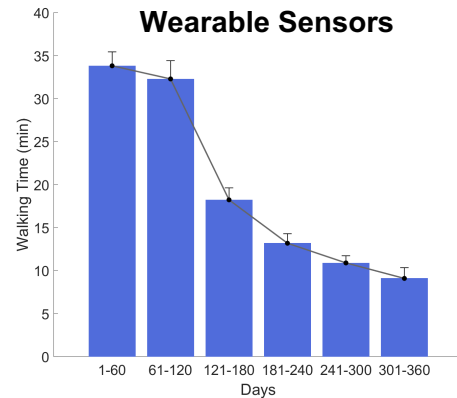
New MRI Template



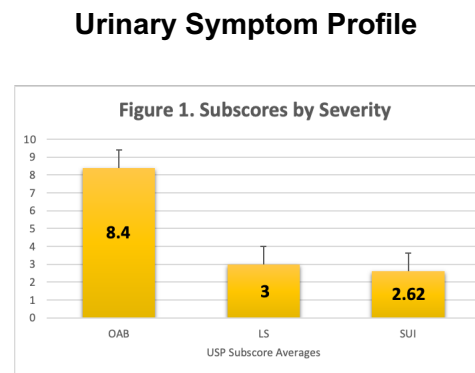
Improve precision of iron quantification by MRI



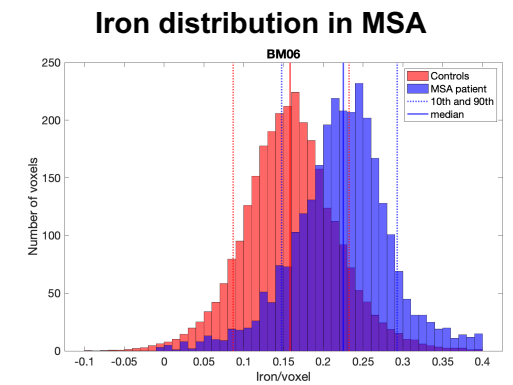
Differentiation of early MSA from PD



Quantitative assessment of motor performance



Demonstrated utility in early MSA



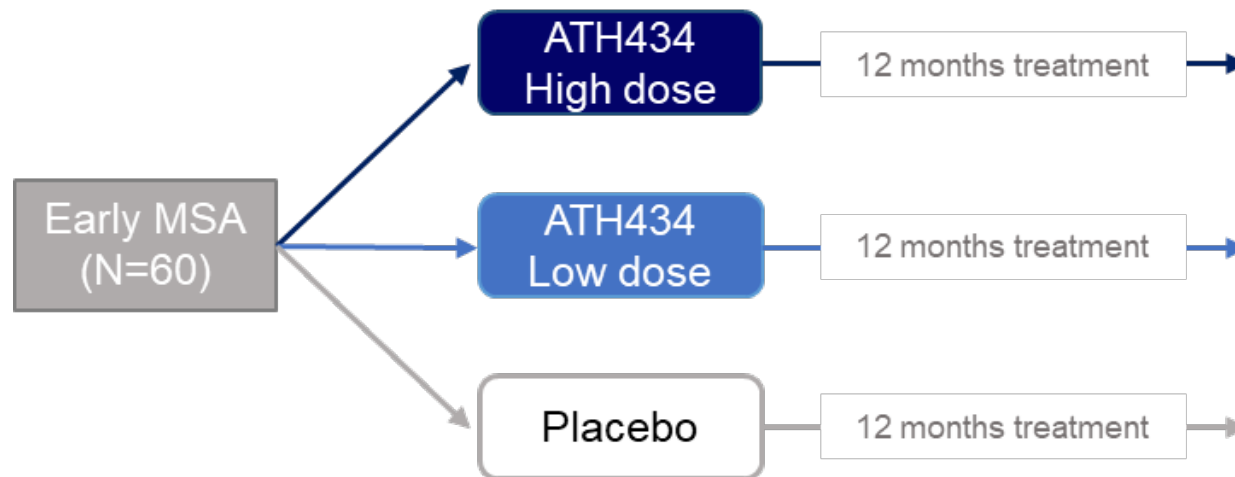
Novel strategies for measuring brain iron in individual regions

◆ Phase 2 Clinical Trial in Early-Stage MSA Patients

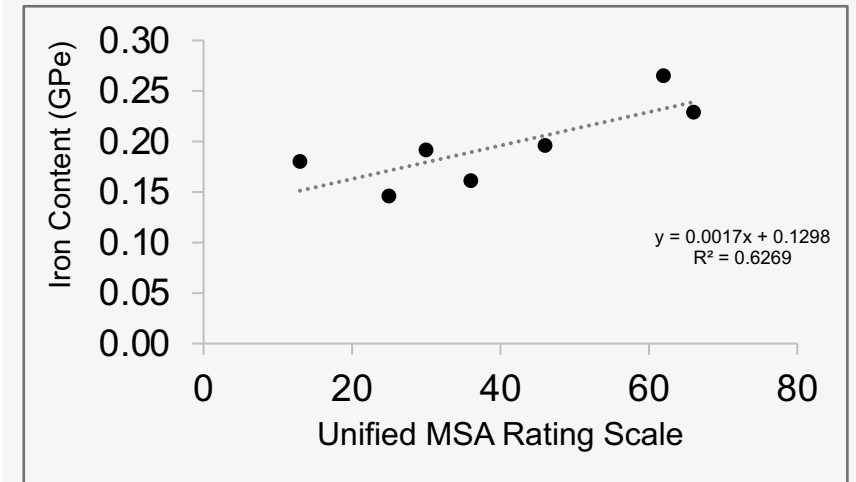


Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled
Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assess efficacy and safety of ATH434 in participants with MSA• Assess target engagement based on imaging and fluid biomarkers
Population	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Early-stage MSA: ambulatory with biomarker evidence of MSA
Sample Size	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• N=60 at up to 30 sites in ANZ, Europe and the U.S.
Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 12 months• Three arms: Two dose levels of ATH434 or placebo
Primary Endpoint	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change in iron content as measured by brain MRI
Secondary Endpoints	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clinical: Activities of daily living inventory (UMSARS I), motor exam, autonomic function• Additional imaging biomarkers, fluid biomarkers (aggregating α-synuclein, NfL protein), wearable sensor measures

◆ Phase 2 Design and Primary Endpoint



Primary Endpoint: Change in Brain Iron on MRI



BioMUSE Natural History Study Demonstrates Brain iron correlates with disease severity in MSA

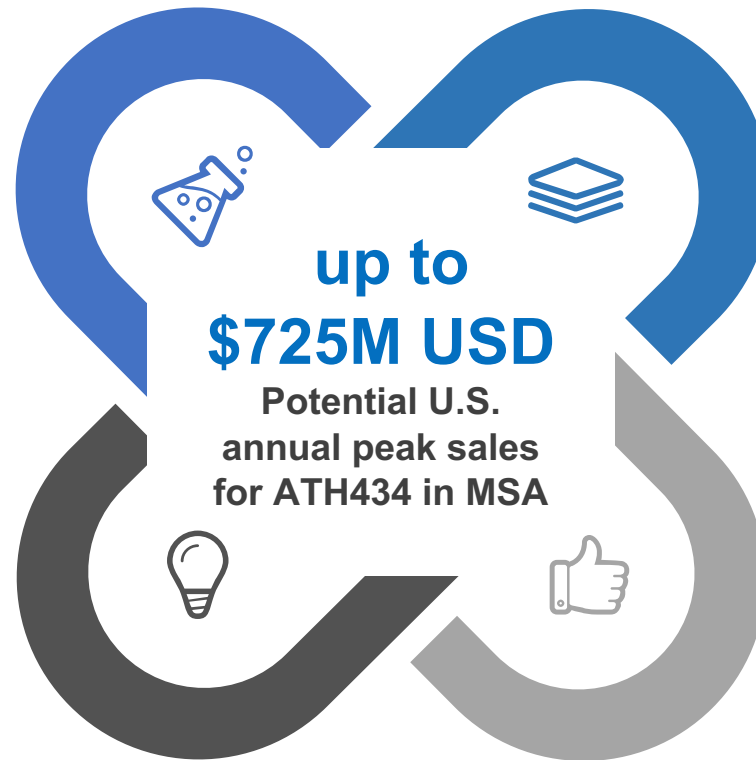
◆ Significant Commercial Opportunity in Treating Multiple System Atrophy

Substantial Unmet Need

Severely debilitating illnesses with no current treatments are ripe for new entrants targeting underlying pathology of the disease.

Unique MOA

Inhibition of protein aggregation is a novel mechanism of action that may prove to impact more than motor symptoms.



Strong Intent to Prescribe

Motivated by efficacy of treating the underlying disease and not just the symptoms, clinicians intend to offer ATH434 to most of their patients with MSA.

Ease of Use

Twice daily oral administration of ATH434 preferred by physicians

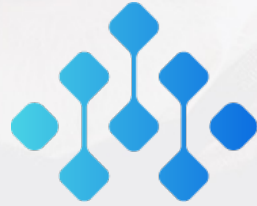
◆ Alterity: Poised for Progress



- ATH434 Phase 2 trial enrolling globally
- Targeting Orphan disease with no approved treatments
- bioMUSE Natural History Study de-risking Phase 2
- Development team with proven track record and multiple FDA approvals
- Drug discovery generating patentable compounds as next generation therapies
- Cash balance of 21.9 M AUD as of 31 March 2023

Milestones

- ✓ 2H 2022: FPI in ATH434 Phase 2
- ✓ Q1 2023: Launch ATH434 Phase 2 in U.S.
- ✓ Q1 2023: Phase 2 FPI in Europe
- ✓ Q1 2023: Phase 2 FPI in U.S.
- ✓ Q2 2023: Present updated bioMUSE wearable sensor data
- ✓ Q2 2023: Phase 2 FPI in Australia
- Q3 2023: Complete enrollment in Phase 2



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