





### Forward Looking Statements

This presentation may contain some statements that may be considered "Forward-Looking Statements", within the meaning of the US Securities Laws. Thus, any forward-looking statement relating to financial projections or other statements relating to the Company's plans, objectives, expectations or intentions involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties as they relate to us, please refer to our 2022 Form 20-F, filed with US Securities and Exchange Commission, in particular Item 3, Section D, titled "Risk Factors."



Alterity is dedicated to creating an alternate future for people living with neurodegenerative diseases.



Alterity means the state of being different



Our goal is to modify the course of disease



We're here to disrupt the trajectory of illness and improve quality of life

# Investment Highlights



- Developing disease modifying therapies
- Novel drug candidate targeting proteins implicated in neurodegeneration of Parkinson's Disease and related disorders
  - First indication: Multiple System Atrophy (MSA), a devastating disease with no approved treatments
  - Orphan Drug designation in the U.S. and EU
  - Phase 2 clinical trial ongoing
- Strong patent portfolio
- Significant R&D experience including 3 neurology drug approvals by US FDA

# Experienced Leadership Team with Multiple FDA Approvals in Neurology



#### David Stamler, M.D.

Chief Executive Officer

#### Auspex/Teva | Abbott | Prestwick Xenoport | Fujisawa

- 3 FDA Approvals in Neurology
- Former CMO, Auspex
- VP, Clinical Development & Therapeutic Head, Movement Disorders, Teva Pharmaceuticals
- Part of Teva's US\$3.5 billion acquisition of Auspex in 2015
- Led development of AUSTEDO® (deutetrabenazine) for treatment of Huntington disease and Tardive dyskinesia, both approved in 2017

#### Kathryn Andrews, CPA

Chief Financial Officer

#### Antisense Therapeutics | Rio Tinto | Consultant

- Extensive experience advising private and public CFOs, mainly in the biotechnology sector
- Prior CFO and Company Secretary of Antisense Therapeutics Limited
- 15+ years in finance and accounting roles at Rio Tinto Limited and BP Australia Limited

#### **Margaret Bradbury, Ph.D.**

VP, Nonclinical Development

#### Auspex/Teva | Neurocrine | Merck

- Auspex led strategic planning and program management in Huntington Disease chorea from IND through NDA filing
- Teva led non-clinical development of several neuroscience programs

#### Cynthia Wong, M.P.H.

Senior Director, Clinical Operations

# Auspex/Teva | Nextwave | Astex | Intermune | Impax Labs

- Clinical Operations leadership at Auspex/Teva.
- Led clinical trial activities for the registration study of AUSTEDO<sup>®</sup> in Huntington Disease chorea.
- Prior, led Phase 1-3 studies, including registration studies for marketing approval for Quillichew ER, Esbriet and Infergen.

# Parkinsonian Disorders: A Significant Unmet Need



- Parkinsonism is a syndrome of motor symptoms that includes slowed movement, stiffness and tremor
  - A major source of disability
- Parkinsonian disorders also include atypical forms such as Multiple system atrophy (MSA) and Progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP)
  - "Atypical" as have prominent non-motor symptoms and a limited response to available treatments

**Current therapies treat the symptoms and NOT the underlying pathology of disease** 

#### PARKINSONIAN DISORDERS



# Discovery and Development Portfolio in Neurodegenerative Diseases



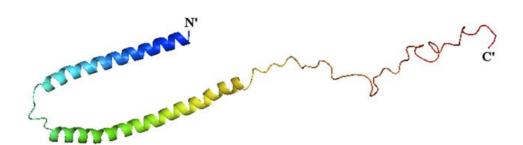
Program	Indication	Current Status	Future Plans
ATH434	Multiple System Atrophy	Phase 2 Ongoing	Expand enrollment globally
BioMUSE Natural History Study	Multiple System Atrophy	Ongoing  Partner: vanderbilt Vuniversity  Medical center	Enrolling up to 20 patients
ATH434	Parkinson's Disease	Preclinical studies to optimize dosing  Partner:  THE MICHAEL J. FOX FOUNDATION FOR PARKINSON'S RESEARCH	Proof of concept study in Parkinson's disease
Drug Discovery	Neurodegenerative diseases	Discovery ongoing	Generate new IND candidates



# The Role of Alpha-Synuclein and Iron in Parkinsonian Diseases

#### Alpha-Synuclein: Critical for Normal Neuron Function



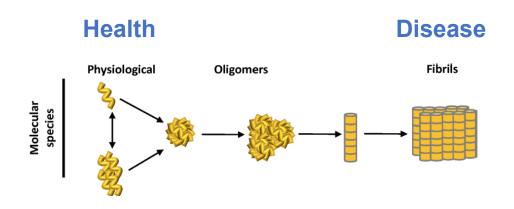


#### α-Synuclein

- α-Synuclein is an intracellular protein critical for normal function of neurons
- Native, unfolded protein enables neurotransmission
- α-Synuclein aggregates in Parkinson's Disease and Multiple System Atrophy

#### **Our Strategy**

- Inhibit misfolding and aggregation of intracellular α-Synuclein
- Target misfolding α-synuclein by redistributing loosely bound excess iron in areas of pathology
- Address underlying pathology of disease



# Iron: Critical in Disease Pathogenesis



- α-Synuclein and iron are strong contributors to **MSA** pathology
- Hallmark of MSA pathology is the accumulation of α-synuclein in glial cells and neuron loss in multiple brain regions
- Adverse impact of increased labile iron
  - Promotes α-synuclein aggregation
  - Root cause of oxidative stress which damages intracellular structures and leads to neuroinflammation

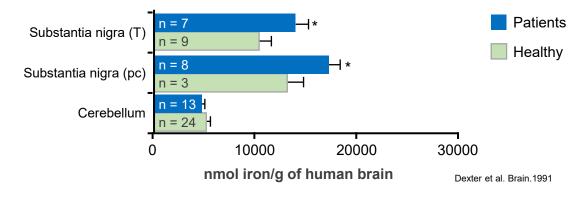
# **Oxidative Stress Neuroinflammation**

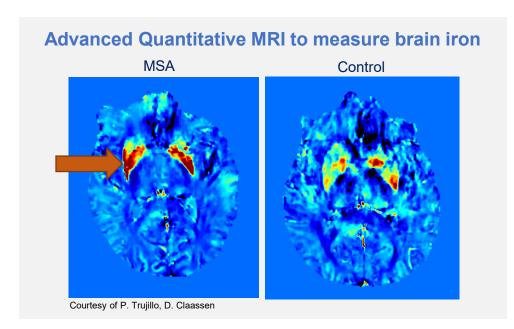
Iron Imbalance

# Increased Brain Iron in Synuclein-related Diseases

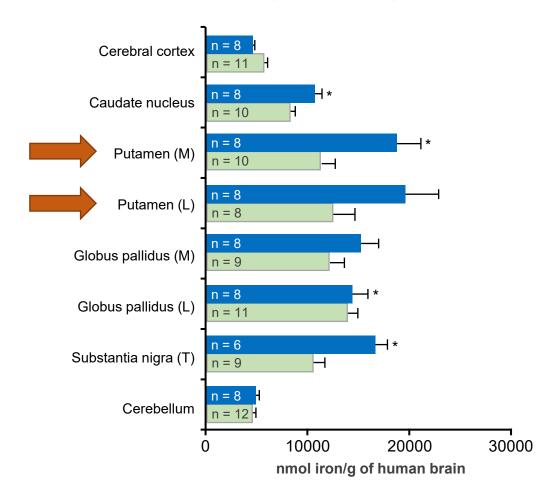


#### Parkinson's disease





#### **Multiple System Atrophy**



 Our Approach: Dual Mode of Action to Address the Underlying Pathology of Disease







Reduce α-synuclein aggregation and oxidative stress



Rescue neurons
in multiple brain regions to
address underlying
pathology

Targeting protein misfolding and aggregation by binding and redistributing iron



# ATH434: Disease Modifying Drug Candidate

# ATH434: Potential Use in Multiple Indications

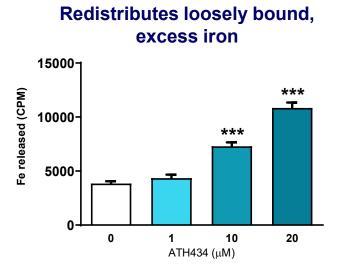


- Small molecule drug that reduces α-synuclein aggregation
  - Iron chaperone which redistributes loosely bound excess iron
  - Readily crosses the blood brain barrier
  - Oral agent for ease of use
- Potential to treat various Parkinsonian disorders
- Orphan Drug Designation granted by FDA and EU for the treatment of Multiple System Atrophy
- Development pathway endorsed by FDA and EMA

**ATH434** 

#### Pharmacologic Actions of ATH434



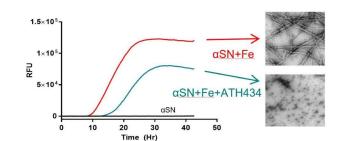


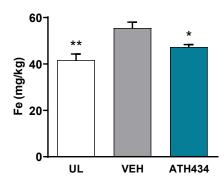


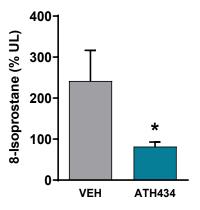
Reduces α-synuclein aggregation



Inhibits oxidative stress in vivo





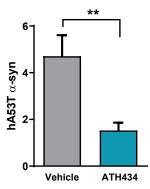


#### ATH434 Reduces Alpha-Synuclein-related Neuropathology in Parkinson's Disease Animal Models

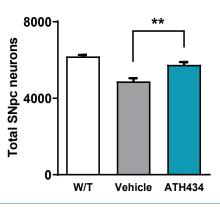




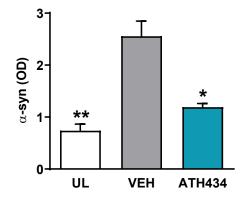


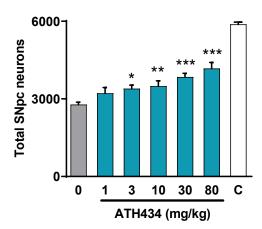


#### **Preserves Neurons**



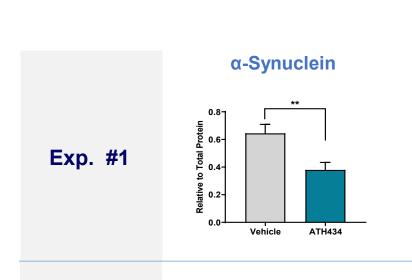


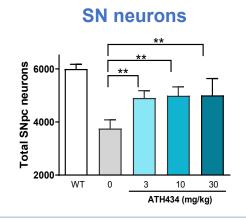


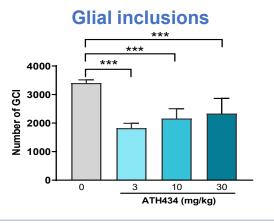


# • ATH434 Reduces α-Synuclein-related Neuropathology and Improves Motor Function in MSA Animal Model

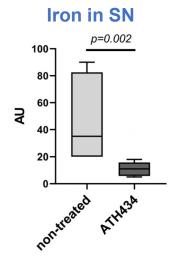


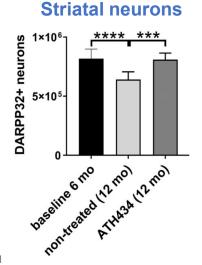




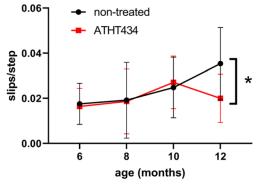








## **Motor Function**



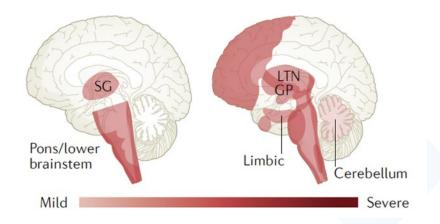


# Multiple System Atrophy Clinical Development Program

# Multiple System Atrophy (MSA) is a Rare, Neurodegenerative Disorder

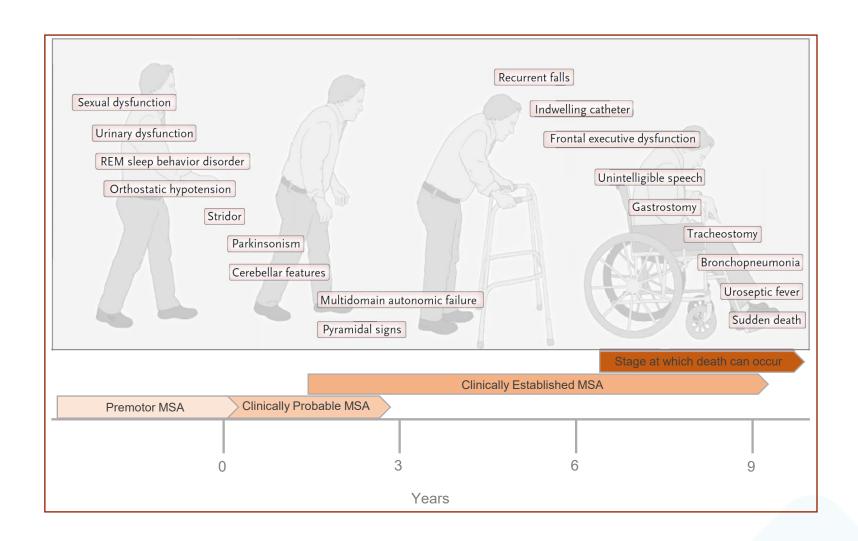


- Characterized by Parkinsonism, uncoordinated movements, and/or impairment of the body's involuntary (autonomic) nervous system
  - Blood pressure maintenance, bladder control, impaired balance and/or coordination that predisposes to falls
- Development Strategy
  - Target early-stage MSA patients
  - Explore the effect of ATH434 treatment on biomarkers and clinical measures



# MSA is Highly Debilitating and Rapidly Progressive





60% require wheelchair confinement within 5 years

# Phase 1 Clinical Trial Design

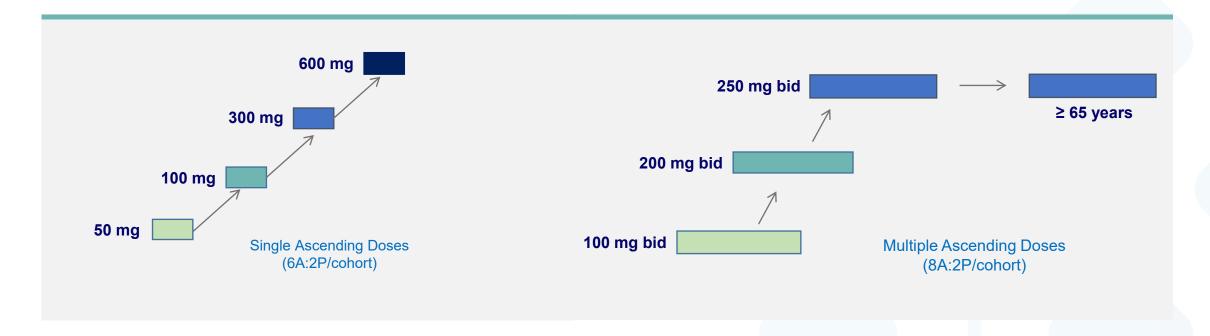


**Design:** Randomized, double blind, placebo-controlled, healthy adult and older adults (≥65 years)

**Objectives:** Assess safety and pharmacokinetics of ATH434

**Pharmacokinetics:** Plasma, cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) in two top multiple dose levels

**Safety:** Adverse events, clinical labs, vital signs including orthostatics, 12-lead ECGs

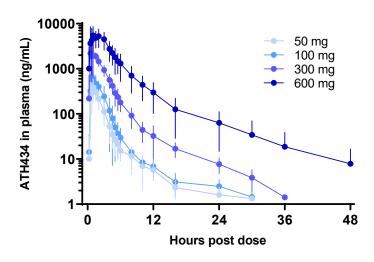


# Phase 1 Achieved Target Drug Concentrations Associated with Efficacy in Animal Models



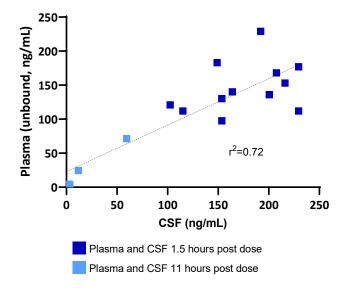
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# Plasma Profile after Single Dose Administration



- Rapid absorption after oral administration
- Dose dependent pharmacokinetics
  - Single doses up to 600 mg
  - Multiple doses up to 250 mg bid
- Mean elimination half-life up to 9.3 hrs

#### Plasma and CSF Levels at Steady-State



- CSF and free plasma levels strongly correlated and within 2-fold of each other
- CSF concentrations at steady state exceed those associated with efficacy in animal models of PD and MSA

Source: Stamler et al. Neurology 2019; 92 (15 Suppl.)

#### Well-Tolerated with No Serious Adverse Events



Single Doses	Placebo (N=8)	50 mg (N=6)	100 mg (N=6)	300 mg (N=6)	600 mg (N=6)
Patients with ≥ 1 AE	3 (38%)	0	0	1 (17%)	1 (17%)
Patients with AEs leading to Withdrawal	0	0	0	0	0
Patients with Serious AEs	0	0	0	0	0

Multiple Doses	Placebo (N=8)	100 mg BID (N=8)	200 mg BID (N=8)	250 mg BID (N=8)	250 mg BID ≥65 (N=8)
Patients with ≥ 1 AE	5 (63%)	3 (38%)	6 (75%)	4 (50%)	5 (63%)
Patients with AEs leading to Withdrawal	0	0	0	0	0
Patients with Serious AEs	0	0	0	0	0

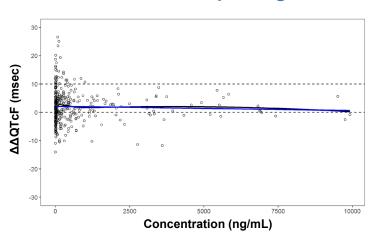
Source: Phase 1 clinical trial; Alterity data on file

# Favorable Safety Profile

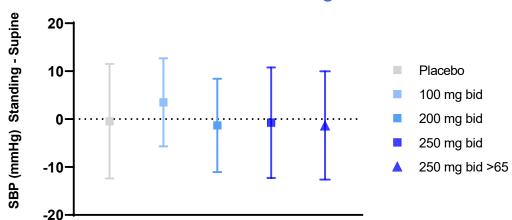


- All AEs were mild to moderate in severity
- Most common AE reported in ATH434 subjects was headache
- Similar AE profile for adults and older adults (≥ 65 years)
- No significant findings observed in vital signs, clinical labs or 12-lead ECGs
- Favorable cardiovascular safety profile

#### No evidence of QT prolongation



#### No effect on BP with Standing



Source: Phase 1 clinical trial; Alterity data on file

# bioMUSE: Biomarkers of Progression in MSA Natural History Study

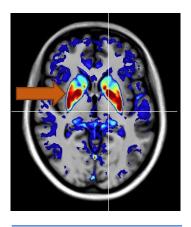


Design	Observational
Objectives	<ul> <li>Inform and de-risk Phase 2</li> <li>Identify biomarker endpoint(s) for treatment study</li> <li>Evaluate the change in biomarkers and clinical manifestations</li> </ul>
Population	<ul> <li>Early-stage MSA patients similar to Phase 2 population</li> <li>~20 participants</li> </ul>
Observation Period	• 12 months
Biomarkers	<ul> <li>MRI: Iron (QSM/R2*), neuromelanin, regional blood flow (ASL)</li> <li>Fluid: NfL protein (CSF, plasma), Aggregating α-synuclein (CSF), phos-α-synuclein (skin)</li> <li>Wearable movement sensors</li> </ul>
Clinical Endpoints	<ul> <li>Clinical: Motor exam, autonomic function, activities of daily living inventory, global measures of severity and change (clinician, patient)</li> <li>Functional: Timed Up and Go, 2 min Walk Test</li> </ul>

# bioMUSE Natural History Study: Characterizing Early-Stage MSA

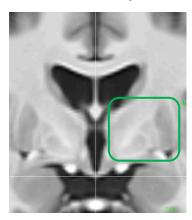


#### **Advanced MRI methods**



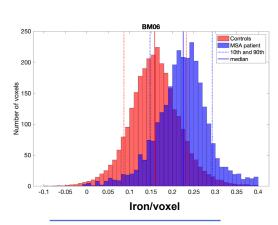
Identify "iron signature" in early MSA to differentiate from Parkinson's disease

#### **New MRI Template**



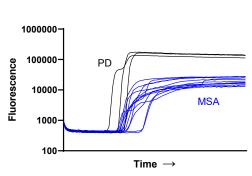
Improve precision of MRI biomarker quantification

#### Iron distribution in MSA



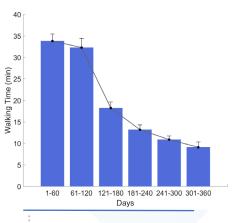
Novel strategies for measuring brain iron in individual regions

#### **Alpha-synuclein Profiles**



Clear distinction of early MSA from Parkinson's disease

#### **Wearable Sensors**



Quantitative assessment of motor performance

Generating Robust Data to De-risk the Phase 2 Trial

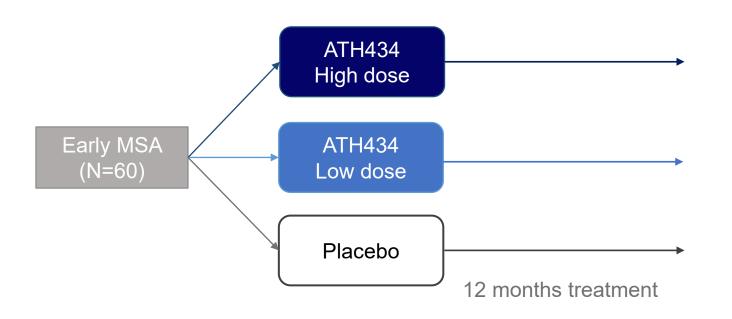
# Phase 2 Clinical Trial in Early-Stage MSA Patients



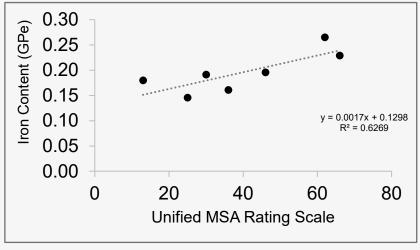
Design	Randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled
Objectives	<ul> <li>Assess efficacy and safety of ATH434 in participants with MSA</li> <li>Assess target engagement based on imaging and fluid biomarkers</li> </ul>
Population	<ul> <li>Early-stage MSA participants who are ambulatory and have biomarker evidence of MSA</li> </ul>
Sample Size	<ul> <li>N=60 at ~30 sites in Australia, New Zealand, Europe and the U.S.</li> </ul>
Treatment	<ul><li>12 months</li><li>Three arms: Two dose levels of ATH434 or placebo</li></ul>
Primary Endpoint	Change in iron content as measured by brain MRI
Secondary Endpoints	<ul> <li>Clinical: Activities of daily living inventory (UMSARS I), motor exam, autonomic function</li> <li>Additional imaging biomarkers, fluid biomarkers (aggregating α-synuclein, NfL protein), wearable sensor data</li> </ul>

# Phase 2 Design and Primary Endpoint





# Primary Endpoint: Change in Brain Iron on MRI



Brain iron correlates with disease severity in MSA

Source: Claassen, et al; MDS 2021

# Significant Commercial Opportunity in Treating Multiple System Atrophy

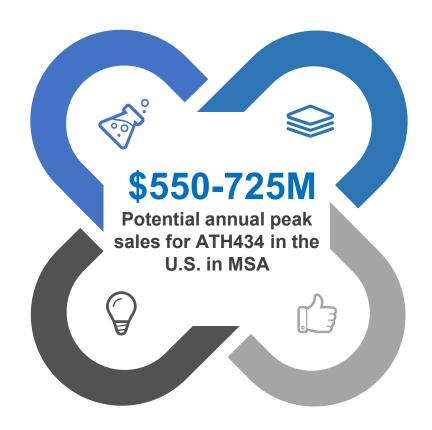


#### **Substantial Unmet Need**

Severely debilitating illnesses with no current treatments are ripe for new entrants targeting what may be the actual cause of the disease.

#### **Unique MOA**

Inhibition of protein aggregation is a novel mechanism of action that may prove to impact more than motor symptoms.



#### **Strong Intent to Prescribe**

Motivated by efficacy of treating the underlying disease and not just the symptoms, clinicians intend to offer ATH434 to most of their patients with MSA.

#### **Ease of Use**

Twice daily oral administration of ATH434 preferred by physicians

Source: Survey of U.S. neurologists

# Alterity: Poised for Progress



- Targeting Orphan disease with no approved treatments
- bioMUSE Natural History Study de-risking Phase 2
- Phase 2 trial ongoing with lead drug candidate ATH434
- Development team with proven track record and multiple FDA approvals
- Drug discovery generating patentable compounds as next generation therapies
- Cash balance of 31.9 M AUD as of 30 Sept 2022

#### **Milestones**

- ✓ Q1 2022: Submit ATH434 European Clinical Trial Application (CTA)
- ✓ Q2 2022: Launch ATH434 Phase 2 Clinical Trial in New Zealand
- ✓ Q3 2022: Launch ATH434 Phase 2 in Europe
- √ Q3 2022: Present bioMUSE Natural History biomarker data
- ✓ 2H 2022: Submit ATH434 U.S. IND
- Q4 2022: Launch ATH434 Phase 2 in U.S.

